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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/832,897	04/12/2001	Kenichi Ueyama	205733US0	1680
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OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.		EXAMINER		
•• • • • • • •	1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		GOLLAMUDI, SHARMILA S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1616	12
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Applicati n No. Applicant(s) 09/832.897 UEYAMA ET AL. Advisory Action Examiner **Art Unit** Sharmila S. Gollamudi 1616 --The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 07 March 2003 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)] a) \bowtie The period for reply expires $\underline{3}$ months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706 07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on _____. Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. 2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because: (a) they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below); (c) they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: 3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): _____. 4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 5. The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: see attached sheet. 6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly raised by the Examiner in the final rejection. 7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: _____. Claim(s) objected to: ____. Claim(s) rejected: ____. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____. 8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner. 9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s). _____. 10. ☐ Other:

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Applicant argues that the instant invention is directed towards applying the composition to dry hair and the specification states that "dry hair" is defined as water content of not more than 30% by weight. Secondly the applicant argues that the invention is directed towards a "preshampoo treatment." It is argued that Altobelli does not teach an oil agent a solvent for the oil agent, and 0-20% weight by water.

Thee examiner points out that claim terminology is given the broadest terminology and squeezed dried hair falls within the scope of the "dry hair." Secondly, the definition of dry hair is "free or <u>relatively free</u> of water"; therefore it is clear that Altobelli requires the hair to be relatively free of water since the hair is squeezed dried. Additionally, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., a water content of 30% or less) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Lastly, the examiner points out that the Rule 132 declaration does not show any unexpected results and a declaration cannot overcome a 102 reference.

In response to claim 7, the recitation "preshampoo treatment" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA)

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1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951). Secondly, the examiner points out that the claims only require a C1-6 alcohol and glycerin falls within this limitation. The claims do not recite a solvent for the oil agent as applicant argues; rather the claim only requires a solvent. Lastly in regards to the water content, Altobelli clearly envisions the instant range of 0-20% water in column 4, line 63 and especially claim 1. Altobelli teaches a water content with the lower limit of 20% which falls within the recited range.

SSG

March 20, 2003

MICHAEL G. HARTLEY PRIMARY EXAMINER